

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Mascoutah, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Mascoutah, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

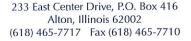
Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mascoutah, Illinois as of April 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 to 10), budgetary comparison information (pages 53 to 54) and schedules of pension funding information (pages 55 to 61) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mascoutah, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

C. J. Schlosen / Comp Lic Certified Public Accountants

Alton, Illinois

August 14, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of Mascoutah, Illinois' (City) annual audit presents a management's discussion and analysis of the City's financial activity during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes and currently known facts and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and footnotes. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the City.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. There are three components to the basic statements:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary fund activities.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and highways, health and welfare, development and cultural and recreational. The business-type activities include electric light, water and sewer.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred inflows and outflows, and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported on the accrual basis for the governmental activities and the business-type activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essential functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the government-wide governmental activities.

The City maintains 16 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for two major funds: the General Fund and TIF 2B Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation called "Other Governmental Funds." Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for the major funds have been provided to demonstrate legal compliance with the adopted budget.

Proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions and the same type of information presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric light, water and sewer operations.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used in proprietary funds.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other supplementary information. The combining nonmajor fund statements, referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, as well as information related to property taxes and TIF compliance are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, the net position balance was \$41,370,837 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequentially, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The condensed statement of net assets is as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	April 30,	April 30,	April 30,	April 30,	April 30,	April 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current and other assets	\$ 3,897,481	\$ 4,784,019	\$ 12,332,088	\$ 12,940,845	\$ 16,229,569	\$ 17,724,864
Capital assets	19,819,205	18,801,629	23,515,749	22,769,413	43,334,954	41,571,042
Total assets	23,716,686	23,585,648	35,847,837	35,710,258	59,564,523	59,295,906
Deferred outflows	661,563	1,125,997	263,024	328,794	924,587	1,454,791
Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	10,529,078	11,157,867	7,467,007	7,029,701	17,996,085	18,187,568
Other liabilities	349,736	388,398	715,721	628,203	1,065,457	1,016,601
Total liabilities	10,878,814	11,546,265	8,182,728	7,657,904	19,061,542	19,204,169
Deferred inflows	_	25,129	56,731	244,723	56,731	269,852
Net position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	14,115,623	12,610,156	17,181,877	16,710,710	31,297,500	29,320,866
Restricted	1,677,492	1,976,056	-	-	1,677,492	1,976,056
Unrestricted	(2,293,680)	(2,715,337)	10,689,525	11,425,715	8,395,845	8,710,378
Total net position	\$ 13,499,435	\$ 11,870,875	\$ 27,871,402	\$ 28,136,425	\$ 41,370,837	\$ 40,007,300

Total net position increased \$1,363,537 resulting in a balance of \$41,370,837 as of April 30, 2017. Current assets, which include cash, investments, accounts receivable and unbilled revenues, increased by \$1,498,295. Non-current assets increased \$1,763,912 due primarily to increases in capital assets in both the governmental and business-type activity funds.

Long term liabilities decreased in the current year by \$191,483 due to principal retirements being offset by draws on a new loan for electric infrastructure and the additional net pension liability. The total long-term liability balance at April 30, 2017 is \$17,996,085.

ANALYSIS OF NET POSITION

· ·		2017		2016
Analysis of Net Position	Percent	<u>Amount</u>	Percent	Amount
Net investment in capital assets	75.7%	\$ 31,297,50	00 73.3%	\$ 29,320,866
Restricted	4.1%	1,677,49	92 4.9%	1,976,056
Unrestricted	20.3%	8,395,8	<u>45</u> <u>21.8</u> %	8,710,378
Total net position	100.0%	\$ 41,370,8	<u>100.0</u> %	\$ 40,007,300

Total net position balances increased by \$1,363,537 in fiscal year 2017 to a total ending balance of \$41,370,837. Unrestricted net asset balances decreased due to overall loss in the proprietary funds and the spending of restricted balances in the governmental funds. The revenue and expenditure comparisons that comprise the current year increases follow.

REVENUE COMPARISON BY TYPE

Revenues by type	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Property tax	\$ 3,034,381	\$ 3,009,163
Other charges for services	1,081,299	797,394
Sales and use tax	836,466	814,979
State income tax	705,555	765,412
Motor fuel tax	199,525	191,407
Telecommunications tax	161,434	189,632
Corporate personal property tax	25,495	22,951
Utility tax	355,094	341,613
Other taxes	84,767	81,831
Franchise fees	130,343	129,948
Hotel tax	55,904	61,441
Investment earnings	31,057	16,838
Contributions/grants	1,618	56,510
Other miscellaneous	33,923	17,521
Governmental revenues	\$ 6,736,861	\$ 6,496,640
Water, sewer and electric charges	\$ 11,050,424	\$10,654,849
Contributions/grants	50,489	158,128
Investment earnings	39,970	36,939
Business-type revenues	\$ 11,140,883	\$10,849,916

Total governmental revenues increased \$240,221 in the year ended April 30, 2017. Charges for services increased \$283,905 over the prior year due to selling an easement. Most other revenue accounts reported relatively little change from the prior year.

EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		2017		2016
Expenditures by category	Percent	Amount	Percent	<u>Amount</u>
General government	-0.1%	\$ (5,330)	1.6%	\$ 98,682
Public safety	39.6%	2,110,015	49.1%	2,983,796
Streets and highways	20.0%	1,065,686	17.9%	1,088,366
Health and Welfare	13.1%	698,737	11.0%	666,578
Development	9.4%	500,997	5.0%	304,091
Cultural and recreational	14.0%	746,515	12.6%	762,719
Interest on long-term debt	<u>4.1</u> %	216,995	2.8%	170,424
Total expenditures	100.0%	\$ 5,333,615	<u>100.0</u> %	\$ 6,074,656

The City reported a decrease in the governmental activities expenditures largely due to the fluctuations from the implementation of GASB 68 and the related retirement expenditures. In both years, the largest category of expense is public safety which consists of the City police department. General government expenditures are those related to the general operations and administration of the City. Development expenses increased due to the costs of a census.

The above expenditure categories include amounts for depreciation expense on assets purchased in the current and prior years. The breakdown by category is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
General government	\$ 104,056	\$ 106,773
Public safety	117,548	132,526
Streets and highways	419,641	372,113
Health and welfare	36,156	36,183
Cultural and recreational	131,214	135,400
Total depreciation	\$ 808,615	\$ 782,995

Total capital outlay expenditures for the governmental activities in the current year totaled \$1,826,191 which included increases related to infrastructure improvements in addition to the purchase of various equipment. These capital additions were offset in the government-wide financial statements by the depreciation expense related to additions in the current and prior years.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

		2017	1		2016
Operating Expenditures	Percent		Amount	Percent	<u>Amount</u>
Personal services	20.7%	\$	2,283,059	19.4%	\$ 2,085,377
Contractual services	53.0%		5,837,602	54.5%	5,844,786
Supplies and materials	1.5%		161,696	1.7%	177,255
Administrative overhead	15.2%		1,674,070	14.3%	1,537,645
Depreciation	9.7%		1,066,964	10.1%	1,084,941
Total expenditures	100.0%	\$	11,023,391	100.0%	\$ 10,730,004

Expenses in the business type activities increased by \$293,387 over the prior year. As in the prior year, the largest categories of operating expense were for contractual services that include power and water purchases. The largest increase between years was in personal services related to the reporting of IMRF benefits under GASB 68.

FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,471,146. The governmental fund balance includes \$1,677,492 that has been restricted for specific purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,609,124. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$213,363 during the current fiscal year. Total expenditures in the General fund were \$3,072,985.

The TIF 2B fund had a slight decrease in the current year of \$8,328 to a balance of \$683,814.

Proprietary fund. The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer, and electric light funds at the end of the year amounted to \$10,689,525. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's government-wide financial statements.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's General fund had budgetary expenditures of \$3,031,853. The budgeted amount for the General Fund was \$3,195,335. The appropriations were not amended in the current year. Total expenditures, including transfers for debt, in the General Fund did not exceed the budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2017, amounts to \$43,334,954, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The total net increase in capital assets for the current year was \$1,763,912. This increase is due to governmental infrastructure improvements of \$1,434,687 as well as infrastructure additions of \$374,212 in the business-type activities. Total additions were \$1,826,191 in the governmental fund activities and \$1,813,300 in the business-type activities. The major additions include road projects, electric line additions, watermain replacement projects, and equipment purchases. Additional information related to the capital assets of the City can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements. The following schedule reports the different asset accounts net of accumulated depreciation.

		Governmen	al A	ctivities	Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	To	tal	
		April 30, 2017		April 30, 2016	April 30, 2017		April 30, 2016	April 30, 2017	*********	April 30, 2016
Land	\$	863,657	\$	863,657	\$ 182,313	\$	182,313	\$ 1,045,970	\$	1,045,970
Land Improvements		892,579		841,803	_		-	892,579		841,803
Buildings and Improvements		2,858,986		2,917,448	2,342,291		2,483,121	5,201,277		5,400,569
Equipment		353,240		336,345	272,706		298,605	625,946		634,950
Vehicles		618,579		670,687	428,184		263,036	1,046,763		933,723
Infrastructure		14,232,164	_	13,171,689	 20,290,255		19,542,338	 34,522,419		32,714,027
	<u>\$</u>	19,819,205	\$	18,801,629	\$ 23,515,749	\$	22,769,413	\$ 43,334,954	\$	41,571,042

Long-term Debt

At the end of 2017, the City had total debt obligations of \$17,996,085 compared to \$18,187,568 at the end of 2016. The major current year addition was related to providing funding for the electric infrastructure project. Current year increases also resulted from GASB 68 reporting for retirement obligations. Additional information related to the debt of the City can be found in Note 4 of the financial statements.

	 Governmen	tal Ac	tivities		Business-ty	pe A	etivities		Tot	tal																		
	 April 30, 2017		April 30, 2016		April 30, 2017		April 30, 2016		April 30, 2017		April 30, 2016																	
Notes Payable	\$ 4,163,582	\$	4,566,473	\$	3,248,872	\$	2,758,703	\$	7,412,454	\$	7,325,176																	
Bonds Payable	1,540,000		1,625,000		3,085,000		3,300,000	4,625,000		4,925,000																		
Compensated Absences	318,154	334,21																334,211	334,211	334,211		55,335		73,517		373,489		407,728
Net Pension Liability	 4,507,342		4,632,183	***************************************	1,077,800		897,481		5,585,142		5,529,664																	
Total Debt	\$ <u>\$ 10,529,078</u> <u>\$ 11,157,867</u>		11,157,867	\$	<u>\$ 7,467,007</u> <u>\$</u>		\$ 7,029,701		\$ 17,996,085		18,187,568																	

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Mascoutah, Illinois for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's administrative office, 3 West Main St., Mascoutah, IL 62258.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION APRIL 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 3,591,114 70,790	\$ 10,154,375	\$ 13,745,489 70,790
Receivables (Net of allowance for uncollectible): Intergovernmental	495,485		495,485
Accounts	53,409	1,240,953	1,294,362
Interest/Other	139,677	14,751	154,428
Internal Balances	(732,671)	732,671	-
Restricted Assets - Cash and Investments	279,677	189,338	469,015
Capital Assets:			
Land	863,657	182,313	1,045,970
Land Improvements	1,463,407	-	1,463,407
Buildings and Improvements	5,660,356	9,029,371	14,689,727
Equipment Vehicles	1,810,942	811,137	2,622,079
Infrastructure	2,651,256	1,365,375	4,016,631
Accumulated Depreciation	17,828,402	30,448,919	48,277,321
Net Capital Assets	(10,458,815) 19,819,205	(18,321,366) 23,515,749	(28,780,181) 43,334,954
Total Assets	23,716,686	35,847,837	59,564,523
70.00.71.00.00		35,047,057	37,304,323
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Future Pension Expense	661,563	263,024	924,587
	661,563	263,024	924,587
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts Payable	131,289	453,030	584,319
Accrued Payroll and Benefits	198,048	69,242	267,290
Accrued Interest Payable	20,399	4,111	24,510
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:			
Customer Deposits	-	189,338	189,338
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	436,672	460,561	897,233
Due in More Than One Year	10,092,406	7,006,446	17,098,852
Total Liabilities	10,878,814	8,182,728	19,061,542
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unearned Revenue		56,731	56,731
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,115,623	17,181,877	31,297,500
Restricted for:		•	-
Debt Service	264,302	-	264,302
Other Purposes	1,413,190	-	1,413,190
Unrestricted	(2,293,680)	10,689,525	8,395,845
Total Net Position	\$ 13,499,435	<u>\$ 27,871,402</u>	\$ 41,370,837

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

		ĽΨ	Program Revenues					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) R Governmental Activities	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total	in Net Position Total	
ions/Programs vernmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Streets and Highways Health and Welfare Development Cultural and Recreational Interest on Long-term Debt Total Governmental Activities (see Note 1)	\$ (5,330) 2,110,015 1,065,686 698,737 500,997 746,515 216,995 5,333,615	\$ 605,862 18,072 22,034 285,912 149,419	60 60 1,558	₩	\$ 611,192 (2,091,883) (1,043,652) (412,825) (500,997) (595,538) (216,995) (4,250,698)		\$ 611,192 (2,091,883) (1,043,652) (412,825) (500,997) (595,538) (216,995) (4,250,698)	
usiness-type Activities: Waterworks and Sewerage Electric Light Total Business-type Activities	3,518,413 7,662,179 11,180,592	3,174,270 7,876,154 11,050,424	3 1 2 1	8,312 42,177 50,489		\$ (335,831) 256,152 (79,679)	(335,831) 256,152 (79,679)	
otal Government	\$ 16,514,207	\$ 12,131,723	\$ 1,618	\$ 50,489	(4,250,698)	(79,679)	(4,330,377)	
	General Revenues:	.S:			,			
	Property Tax, I	Property Tax, Levied for General Purposes	Purposes		3,034,381	1	3,034,381	
	Sales and Use Tax	Гах			836,466	1 1	705,555	
	Comorate Pers	Comorate Personal Property Tax			25,495	•	25,495	
	Motor Fuel Tax	×			199,525	•	199,525	
	Telecommunications Tax	ations Tax			161,434	ı	161,434	
	Hotel Tax				55,904 84 767	1 1	55,904 84.767	
	Outel Utility Tax				355,094	Ī	355,094	
	Franchise Fees				130,343	1	130,343	
	Investment Earnings	nings			31,057	39,970	71,027 33.923	
	Transfers				225,314	(225,314)	1	
	Total General	Total General Revenues and Transfers	nsfers		5,879,258	(185,344)	5,693,914	
	Change in Net Position	let Position			1,628,560	(265,023)	1,363,537	
	Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending	eginning nding			\$ 13,499,435	\$ 27,871,402	\$ 41,370,837	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Total Government

Business-type Activities: Waterworks and Sewerage

Development Cultural and Recreational Interest on Long-tern Debt

General Government Public Safety Streets and Highways Health and Welfare

Governmental Activities:

Functions/Programs

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

	General Fund	TIF 2B Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectible):	\$ 1,689,913 70,790	\$ 683,814	\$ 1,217,387 -	\$ 3,591,114 70,790
Property Tax	427,000	925,000	1,678,000	3,030,000
Intergovernmental	467,577	-	27,908	495,485
Other	107,053	- -	86,033	193,086
Due From Other Funds	627,054	-	31,114	658,168
Restricted Cash and Investments	_	_	279,677	279,677
Total Assets	\$ 3,389,387	\$ 1,608,814	\$ 3,320,119	\$ 8,318,320
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, ar	nd Fund Balances			
Liabilities:	Ф 70.446	•		
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Accounts Payable	\$ 79,446	\$ -	\$ 30,121	\$ 109,567
Due to Other Funds	59,926	-	71,363	131,289
Total Liabilities	31,114		1,359,725	1,390,839
Total Liabilities	170,486	-	1,461,209	1,631,695
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unearned Revenue	609,777	925,000	1,680,702	3,215,479
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	u.	-	310,791	310,791
Restricted For:				
Debt Service	-	-	264,302	264,302
Revenue Restrictions Unassigned	2 600 124	683,814	729,376	1,413,190
Total Fund Balances	2,609,124		(1,126,261)	1,482,863
Total Fund Dalances	2,609,124	683,814	178,208	3,471,146
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,389,387	\$ 1,608,814	\$ 3,320,119	\$ 8,318,320

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental fund balances are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	3,471,146
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.		19,819,205
Some receivables are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds balance sheet, but recognized as revenue as economic financial resources.		185,479
Accrued interest payable on the long-term debt is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.		(20,399)
Accrued compensated absences are not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.		(406,635)
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.		(5,703,582)
Net pension liabilities and the related future pension expense are not reported on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	_	(3,845,779)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	13,499,435

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	General Fund	TIF 2B Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property Tax	\$ 433,927	\$ 852,660	\$ 1,747,794	\$ 3,034,381
Utility Tax	355,094	-	-	355,094
Hotel Tax	55,904	-	-	55,904
Intergovernmental	1,651,987		262,164	1,914,151
Licenses, Permits and Fees	105,544	-	16,880	122,424
Charges for Services	627,211	-	446,218	1,073,429
Fines and Forfeitures	11,547	-	4,242	15,789
Investment Earnings	16,616	3,821	10,620	31,057
Contributions	60	_	1,558	1,618
Miscellaneous	4,419		29,504	33,923
Total Revenues	3,262,309	856,481	2,518,980	6,637,770
Expenditures: Current:				
General Government	(198,929)	_	38,620	(160,309)
Public Safety	1,695,336	_	64,253	1,759,589
Streets and Highways	520,556	_	87,623	608,179
Health and Welfare		_	665,327	665,327
Development	104,776	316,461	79,760	500,997
Cultural and Recreational	101,770	510,401	603,942	603,942
Capital Outlay	891,749	232,265	702,177	1,826,191
Debt Service:	071,747	232,203	702,177	1,020,191
Principal	58,405	166,181	352,032	576,618
Interest and Charges	1,092	102,820	98,989	202,901
Total Expenditures	3,072,985	817,727	2,692,723	6,583,435
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			•	
Over Expenditures	189,324	38,754	(173,743)	54,335
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Debt	24,653	-	64,074	88,727
Operating Transfers In	129,475	-	442,500	571,975
Operating Transfers Out	(130,089)	(47,082)	(169,490)	(346,661)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	24,039	(47,082)	337,084	314,041
Net Change in Fund Balances	213,363	(8,328)	163,341	368,376
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,395,761	692,142	14,867	3,102,770
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,609,124	\$ 683,814	\$ 178,208	\$ 3,471,146

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

are different because.	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 368,376
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense and losses on disposals in the current year.	1,017,576
Accrued compensated absences are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, accrued compensated absences are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in accrued compensated absences between years.	9,313
Net pension liabilities and the related future pension expense are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, these obligations are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in the net pension obligation between years.	(339,593)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	487,891
Some intergovernmental revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end. They are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. This is the change in deferred revenues between fiscal years.	99,091
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, accrued interest expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(14,094)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,628,560

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

\$2000 TO TO THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1

CONTRACTOR

(Carrier (Color))

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

·	Waterworks and Sewerage	Electric Light	Total		Waterworks and Sewerage	Electric Light	Total
	\$ 2,969,738	\$ 7,184,637	\$ 10,154,375	<u>Liabilities:</u> Current Liabilities: Accrued Payroll and Benefits	\$ 34,212	\$ 35,030	\$ 69,242
				Accounts Payable Accrued Interest	26,974 3,366	426,056 745	453,030 4,111
	125,302	405,571	530,873	Deferred Connection Fees	•	56,731	56,731
	241,190	468,890	710,080	Notes/Leases Payable	204,180	36,381	240,561
	3,958	10,793	14,751	Bonds Payable		220,000	220,000
	87,871	644,800	732,671	Total Current Liabilities	268,732	774,943	1,043,675
, ,	3,428,059	8,714,691	12,142,750				
				Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:	47.817	176 521	189 338
				Customer Deposits	42,017	170,071	10,700
				Noncurrent Liabilities:		0	4
	42,817	146,521	189,338	Accrued Sick Leave	16,663	38,672	55,555
				Notes/Leases Payable	2,344,503	663,808	3,008,311
				Net Pension Liability	458,557	619,243	1,077,800
	20,341	161,972	182,313	Bonds Payable	1	2,865,000	2,865,000
	5,003,902	4,025,469	9,029,371	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,819,723	4,186,723	7,006,446
	338,339	472,798	811,137				
	319,411	1,045,964	1,365,375	Total Liabilities	3,131,272	5,108,187	8,239,459
	15,752,470	14,696,449	30,448,919				
	21,434,463	20,402,652	41,837,115				
	(8,945,132)	(9,376,234)	(18,321,366)	Net Position:			1
•	12,489,331	11,026,418	23,515,749	Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,940,648	7,241,229	17,181,877
				Unrestricted	3,000,192	7,689,333	10,689,525
	12,532,148	11,172,939	23,705,087	Total Net Position	\$ 12,940,840	\$ 14,930,562	\$ 27,871,402
	\$ 15,960,207	\$ 19,887,630	\$ 35,847,837				
	\$ 111 905	\$ 151.119	\$ 263,024				
9 69		11					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Business-T	pe ActivitiesEnter	prise Funds
	Waterworks	Electric	
	and Sewerage	Light	Total
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 3,174,270	\$ 7,876,154	\$ 11,050,424
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	968,902	1,314,157	2,283,059
Supplies	72,576	89,120	161,696
Contractual Services	1,133,982	4,703,620	5,837,602
Administrative Overhead	822,100	851,970	1,674,070
Depreciation	512,826	554,138	1,066,964
Total Operating Expenses	3,510,386	7,513,005	11,023,391
Operating Income (Loss)	(336,116)	363,149	27,033
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment Earnings	11,881	28,089	39,970
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(8,027)	(149,174)	(157,201)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	3,854	(121,085)	(117,231)
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	(332,262)	242,064	(90,198)
Capital Contributions	8,312	42,177	50,489
Transfers In (Out)	13,910	(239,224)	(225,314)
Change in Net Position	(310,040)	45,017	(265,023)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	13,250,880	14,885,545	28,136,425
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 12,940,840	\$ 14,930,562	\$ 27,871,402

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Business-Ty	pe ActivitiesEnt	erprise Funds
	Waterworks	Electric	
	and Sewerage	Light	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from Customers	\$ 3,172,225	\$ 7,922,386	\$ 11,094,611
Payments to Suppliers	(2,314,818)	(6,060,178)	(8,374,996)
Payments to Employees	(606,122)	(813,928)	(1,420,050)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	251,285	1,048,280	1,299,565
, , , , ,			
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Payments from (to) Other Funds	67,615	243,776	311,391
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	67,615	243,776	311,391
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	(210,020)	(225,051)	(435,071)
Net Proceeds from Debt	(210,020)	710,240	710,240
Interest Paid on Debt	(4,986)	(148,429)	(153,415)
Customer Deposits	756	1,304	2,060
Capital Contributions	8,312	42,177	50,489
Cash Payments for Capital Assets	(244,996)		
•	(244,990)	(1,568,304)	(1,813,300)
Net Cash Used by Capital Related Financing Activities	(450.024)	(1.100.0(2)	(1 (20 007)
Related Financing Activities	(450,934)	(1,188,063)	(1,638,997)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest Received	11,881	28,089	39,970
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	11,881	28,089	39,970
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(120,153)	132,082	11,929
- ·			
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,132,708	7,199,076	10,331,784
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 3,012,555</u>	\$ 7,331,158	\$ 10,343,713
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided			
by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (336,116)	e 262 140	e 17 022
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to	\$ (336,116)	\$ 363,149	\$ 27,033
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
r i e	£10.00¢	EEA 130	1.000.004
Depreciation (Increase) Depresse in Assets	512,826	554,138	1,066,964
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	2 505	102.207	107.071
Accounts Receivables	3,585	103,386	106,971
Unbilled Revenue	(5,630)	(17,360)	(22,990)
Future Pension Expense	31,920	33,850	65,770
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:			
Accrued Payroll and Benefits	(5,164)	(9,768)	(14,932)
Net Pension Liability	65,971	114,348	180,319
Accounts Payable	(16,107)	94,529	78,422
Deferred Fees	-	(187,992)	(187,992)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 251,285	\$ 1,048,280	\$ 1,299,565
Reconciliation of Total Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Current Assets	\$ 2,969,738	\$ 7,184,637	\$ 10,154,375
Restricted Assets	42,817	146,521	189,338
Total Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 3,012,555	\$ 7,331,158	\$ 10,343,713
*****	· /		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND - POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND APRIL 30, 2017

Assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts):		\$ 198,271 4,684,521
Property Tax Interest Total Assets		 268,000 18,574 5,169,366
	<u>Liabilities</u>	
None		 ##
	Net Position	
Held in Trust For Pension Benefits and Other Purposes		\$ 5,169,366

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND - POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Additions:		
Employer Contributions	\$ 266,	669
Employee Contributions	-	497
Investment Earnings:		
Interest and Dividends	91,	841
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Investments	*	935
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	189,	
Total Investment Earnings	290,	
Less: Investment Expense	-	210
Net Investment Earnings	274,	
·		754
Total Additions	624,	920
Deductions:		
Benefit Payments	126,	928
Administrative Expenses	7,	649
Total Deductions	134,	
Change in Net Position	490,	343
	770,	J 7 J
Net Position - Beginning of Year	4,679,	023
		023
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 5,169,	366
The Collins Line of A var	<u>Ψ J,107,</u>	200

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2017

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Mascoutah (City) was incorporated in 1921. The City is a home rule unit of government and operates under a managerial council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, culture and recreation (library and parks), health and welfare (ambulance service), electric and water distribution, sewage treatment, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

(a) The financial reporting entity

The City is a political subdivision of the State of Illinois. These financial statements present the government and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City defines its reporting entity in accordance with Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100. Component units are organizations for which the City, as the primary government, is financially accountable. To be considered financially accountable, the organization must be fiscally dependent on the City or the City must appoint a majority of the board of the organization and either (1) be able to impose its will on the organization or (2) the relationship must have the potential for creating a financial benefit to or imposing a financial burden on the City. The City did not have any component units at April 30, 2017.

(b) Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) <u>Measurement focus</u>, basis of accounting and financial statement <u>presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are

collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, permits and fees associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized, when applicable, as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues, other revenues, and expenditures that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to other funds are accounted for in this fund.

The TIF 2B Fund records all revenue and expenses related to the respective TIF fund

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund and the Electric Light Fund account for all activities related to the billing, administration, distribution and collection processes of the water, sewer and electric operations. The City operates the water and electric distribution systems as well as the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the police pension fund, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are reimbursements between funds for direct costs applicable to the other fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally

result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(d) Assets, liabilities and net assets or equity

Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest in obligations of the United States of America, insured interest bearing accounts of banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions, certain short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States, money market mutual funds that invest in obligations of the United States of America or its agencies or are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The pension trust fund and cemetery trust fund are also allowed to invest limited percentages of their monies in mutual funds and equity securities.

All investments are recorded in all funds at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains or losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Unbilled water, sewer and electric service receivables are recorded at year-end. They are determined by taking cycle billings subsequent

to April 30 and prorating the applicable number of days to the current fiscal year.

The City levied its property taxes on December 7, 2016 based upon the assessed valuation as of the previous January 1. Property taxes are due in two installments in the following year, usually in June and August, and are considered delinquent after the due dates. Property taxes for 2016 become an enforceable lien in January 2017. Because this tax levy will be used to pay for expenses budgeted in fiscal year 2018, this tax levy is shown as a receivable and as unearned revenue as of April 30, 2017 in the governmental funds statements and eliminated in the statement of activities. Tax revenues reflected in these financial statements are taxes collected on the 2015 levy.

Restricted assets

Governmental Activities

<u>Park Maintenance Trust Reserve</u> – The reserve for park maintenance was created to restrict the use of all resources contributed to or earned by the Park Board Leu Fund. The restriction was mandated by a donor trust agreement.

<u>Cemetery Maintenance Trust</u> — The reserve for cemetery maintenance was created to restrict the use of all resources contributed to or earned by the Cemetery Trust Fund. The restriction was mandated by a declaration of trust.

Business-Type Activities

<u>Deposits</u> – These accounts accumulate to provide funds to offset the existing liability for customer utility deposits.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government generally defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Assets are recorded at historical cost when purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction

phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The City hired a valuation consulting firm to perform an initial valuation of the fixed assets of the City. This valuation was used as the historical basis for the value of the assets reported in the governmental type activities. Subsequent fixed asset additions are based on amounts as recorded by the City in the accounting records.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	10 - 40
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50
Infrastructure	25
Distribution systems	20 - 25
Vehicles	5 - 15
Office and other equipment	5 - 20

Compensated absences

The City allows employees to accumulate unused sick leave to a maximum of 300 hours (320 hours for police officers). Earned vacation time is required to be used within one year of accrual. Upon termination, up to 300 hours of accumulated sick leave (320 hours for police officers) and any accumulated vacation that has not been taken due to work-related assignments, will be paid to the employee.

Sick leave in excess of 300 hours is accumulated and tracked for IMRF applicable employees. Sick leave in excess of 320 hours for police officers is paid to the employee on or near December 1st. Employees may request to be paid for any and all sick leave at any time.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are

reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City has entered into an agreement with IMLRMA, an intergovernmental association formed pursuant to Article VII, Section 10 of the Illinois Constitution of 1970, to provide the City insurance coverage. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the City classifies the fund balances based upon the following criteria:

Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form, or 2) legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Restricted - balances with constraints that are either externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - balances that are to be only used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. (City Council)

Assigned - balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - the residual classification of the General Fund balance.

When expenditures are incurred for which the City has both restricted and unrestricted funds available, the City spends any restricted funds before using unrestricted sources. Likewise, the City uses committed, assigned and then unassigned balances, in that order, when spending amounts for which all three categories are available. The following details the description and amount of all constraints recorded by the City in the fund financial statements:

Governmental Funds		
Nonspendable:		
Cemetary Trust		308,291
Park Board Leu	***********	2,500
	\$	310,791
Restricted:		
Debt Service	\$	264,302
Fire Fund		11,780
TIF #2B		683,814
Public Library		280,859
Motor Fuel Tax		272,855
Playground & Recreation Fund		121,534
Retirement Fund		42,348
	\$	1,677,492

Budget Policy and Practices

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget ordinance for the fiscal year commencing May 1.
- 2. A public hearing at the City Hall is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to May 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Enterprise Funds.
- 5. Unexpended budgets for all the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the fiscal year end.
- 6. The budget is prepared on a cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Governmental & Business-Type Activities

At April 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$14,284,694 and the bank balance was \$14,901,176. The deposits were comprised of interest checking accounts, savings accounts and certificates of deposit.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the City's name. As of April 30, 2017, the City's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized by the financial institutions.

At April 30, 2017, the City had the following cash and investments:

	Weighted Average	
	Maturity (Days)	Fair Value
Cash on Hand	N/A	\$ 600
Deposits as reported above	N/A	14,284,694
Total deposits and investments		<u>\$ 14,285,294</u>
As Reported in the Statement of Net Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$ 13,745,489
Investments		70,790
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		469,015
		\$ 14,285,294

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>. The City's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. As of April 30, 2017, the City did not have a credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. As of April 30, 2017, the City did not have a concentration of credit risk.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u>. As of April 30, 2017, the City did not have a foreign currency risk.

Police Pension Fund

At April 30, 2017, the carrying amount and the bank balance of the Police Pension Fund's deposits was \$198,271. The deposits are comprised of an interest checking account and a money market account.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Police Pension Fund requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Police Pension Fund's name.

As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average	
<u>Investment</u>	Maturity (Years)	Fair Value
Mutual Funds		\$ 2,134,740
US Treasury Notes	4.55	835,338
US Treasury Bonds	17.66	299,121
FHLMC	1.07	30,132
FFCB	6.72	61,169
FHLB	4.48	149,020
FNMA	6.25	25,153
Corporate Bonds	8.29	1,149,848
Deposits as reported above		198,271
Total deposits and investments		\$ 4,882,792

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk.</u> As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund had investments in corporate bonds with Moody's ratings of Aa1 to Baa3.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>. As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund did not have a concentration of credit risk.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk.</u> As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund did not have a foreign currency risk.

NOTE 3: <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

City receivables, as reported in the statement of net assets, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows as of April 30, 2017:

	General <u>Fund</u>	TIF 2B <u>Fund</u>	Enterprise <u>Funds</u>	Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	Total	
Receivables:						
Licenses/Fees/Other	\$107,053	\$ -	\$ 14,751	\$ 32,624	\$ 154,428	
Accounts	-	-	1,369,339	212,530	1,581,869	
Intergovernmental	467,577	-		27,908	495,485	
Gross Receivables	574,630	-	1,384,090	273,062	2,231,782	
Less: Allowance for						
uncollectible		_	128,386	159,121	287,507	
Net Total Receivables	\$574,630	<u>\$</u>	\$1,255,704	\$ 113,941	\$1,944,275	

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. The City has the following outstanding general obligation bond issues:

General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 due in annual installments of \$330,000 to \$520,000 through November 1, 2027; interest at 4.20% to 5.25%. The bonds and related interest are being retired by the Debt Service Fund and the Electric Light Fund. The amount of bonds outstanding as of April 30, 2017 is \$4,625,000.

The annual requirements to retire general obligation bonds as of April 30, 2017 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			
April 30,	 rincipal	incipal Interest		Principal		Interest	
2018	\$ 110,000	\$	70,467	\$	220,000	\$	141,171
2019	115,000		64,692		235,000		129,621
2020	120,000		58,655		245,000		117,284
2021	125,000		53,615		255,000		106,994
2022	135,000		48,240		265,000		96,029
2023-2027	760,000		147,059		1,520,000		292,728
2028	 175,000	-	8,093		345,000	,	15,955
	\$ 1,540,000	\$	450,821	\$	3,085,000	\$	899,782

Notes Payable

On May 22, 1998, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for \$689,008. The loan provided funding for a joint-use sewer project for sewer lines to Mid-America Airport. The loan is to be repaid in 40 semi-annual installments of \$23,180, including interest at 2.89 percent. The note and related interest are being retired by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$22,849.

On April 24, 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for \$3,188,881. The loan is being used to provide funding for the construction and rehabilitation of lift stations. The loan is to be paid in 39 semi-annual installments of \$60,782, including interest at 2.5 percent. The note and related interest are being retired by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$1,641,114.

On July 6, 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for \$729,835. The loan is being used to provide funding for improvements and replacement of parts of the water distribution system. The loan is to be paid in 39 interest-free semi-annual installments of \$13,993. The note is being retired by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$363,813.

The City entered into a loan agreement with the IEPA for \$866,575 on August 28, 2011 to provide funding for sewer infrastructure improvements. The loan is to be repaid in 40 semi-annual installments including interest at 1.25 percent. The note is being retired by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$520,907.

On November 5, 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement with Farmers & Merchants National Bank for \$450,000 to provide funding for special service area improvements. The loan is due to be repaid in 360 monthly installments, including interest at 4.00 percent. The loan and related interest are being retired by the Special Service Area Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$336,264.

On July 26, 2012, the City entered into a loan agreement with Citizens Community Bank for \$1,050,000 to retire the 1998 and 2001A bonds. The loan is due on demand, but if no demand is made, the loan is to be repaid in 10 semi-annual installments of \$111,374, including interest at 2.17 percent. The loan and related interest are being retired by the Debt Service Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$107,806.

On May 20, 2014, the City entered into a loan agreement with Citizens Community Bank for \$3,925,000 to provide funds for infrastructure improvements. The loan is due on demand, or if no demand, in 19 quarterly installments of \$33,447, interest at 2.75 percent, with a balloon payment on May 20, 2019. The loan and related interest are being retired by the General Fund. The outstanding balance drawn down as of April 30, 2017 is \$3,684,083.

On September 2, 2015, the City entered into a loan agreement with First Federal Savings Bank of Mascoutah for \$45,864 to purchase two police vehicles. The loan is due in 2 annual installments of \$23,447, including interest at 1.49 percent. The loan and related interest are being retired by the General Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$23,103.

On July 18, 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement with Citizens Community Bank to provide funds up to \$7,000,000 for the Electric Phase II infrastructure project. The loan and related interest are being retired based on the funded balance at the time quarterly payments are due with interest at 3.24 percent. Final payment is due on July 18, 2026. The loan and related interest are being retired by the Light Fund. The outstanding balance drawn down as of April 30, 2017 is \$700,189.

On July 29, 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement with Citizens Community Bank for \$24,653. The loan is due on demand, but if no demand is made, the loan is to be repaid in 2 installments of \$12,326, plus interest at 1.50 percent. The loan and related interest are being retired by the General Fund. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2017 is \$12,326.

The annual requirements to retire the loan agreements are as follows:

Fiscal			-		
Year Ended	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		
April 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$ 326,672	\$ 119,773	\$ 240,561	\$ 18,334	
2019	188,144	112,592	250,685	26,745	
2020	3,354,535	39,919	253,357	24,073	
2021	14,011	16,183	256,108	21,323	
2022	14,011	15,412	258,940	18,490	
2023-2027	70,055	65,501	1,295,231	47,074	
2028-2032	70,055	46,236	693,990	6,584	
2033-2037	70,055	26,971	-	-	
2038-2041	56,044	7,706	\$10		
	\$ 4,163,582	\$ 450,293	\$ 3,248,872	\$ 162,623	

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended April 30, 2017:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Α	dditions		<u>Retired</u>		Ending Balance	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,625,000	\$	-	\$	85,000	\$	1,540,000	\$	110,000
Notes payable	4,566,473		88,727		491,618		4,163,582		326,672
Compensated absences	334,211		-		16,057		318,154		-
Net pension liability	 4,632,183		-		124,841	_	4,507,342		
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 11,157,867	<u>\$</u>	88,727	<u>\$</u>	717,516	<u>\$</u>	10,529,078	\$	436,672
Business-type Activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,300,000	\$	-	\$	215,000	\$	3,085,000	\$	220,000
Notes payable	2,758,703		710,240		220,071		3,248,872		240,561
Net pension liability	897,481		180,319		-		1,077,800		-
Compensated absences	 73,517		-		18,182		55,335		
Business-type activities									
long-term liabilities	\$ 7,029,701	\$	890,559	\$	453,253	\$	7,467,007	\$_	460,561

NOTE 5: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 863,657	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 863,657
Land	\$ 863,657	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	\$ 603,037
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,361,382	102,025	-	1,463,407
Buildings and improvements	5,559,230	101,126	-	5,660,356
Equipment	1,730,487	80,455	-	1,810,942
Vehicles	2,598,835	107,898	55,477	2,651,256
Infrastructure	16,393,715	1,434,687		17,828,402
Total capital assets being depreciated	27,643,649	1,826,191	55,477	29,414,363
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	519,579	51,249	-	570,828
Buildings and improvements	2,641,782	159,588	-	2,801,370
Equipment	1,394,142	63,560	-	1,457,702
Vehicles	1,928,148	160,006	55,477	2,032,677
Infrastructure	3,222,026	374,212		3,596,238
Total accumulated depreciation	9,705,677	808,615	55,477	10,458,815
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	17,937,972	1,017,576	-	18,955,548
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,801,629	\$ 1,017,576	\$ -	\$ 19,819,205
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	e 100.010	¢.	₽	\$ 182,313
Land	\$ 182,313	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 102,313
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	9,009,871	19,500	-	9,029,371
Distribution systems	28,930,015	1,518,904	-	30,448,919
Equipment	790,581	20,556	-	811,137
Vehicles	1,281,469	254,340	170,434	1,365,375
Total capital assets, being depreciated	40,011,936	1,813,300	170,434	41,654,802
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	6,526,750	160,330	-	6,687,080
Distribution systems	9,387,677	770,987	-	10,158,664
Equipment	491,976	46,455	-	538,431
Vehicles	1,018,433	89,192	170,434	937,191
Total accumulated depreciation	17,424,836		170,434	18,321,366
rotal accumulated depreciation	17,424,630			. 0,021,000
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	22,587,100	746,336		23,333,436
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,769,413	\$ 746,336	\$ -	\$ 23,515,749

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	104,056
Public safety		117,548
Streets and highways, including depreciation of		
general infrastructure assets		419,641
Health and welfare		36,156
Cultural and recreational		131,214
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	808,615
Business-type activities:		
Electric, waterworks and sewerage	\$	1,066,964

NOTE 6: <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES</u>

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables for the year ending April 30, 2017.

	Receivables		Ī	ayables
General Fund	\$	627,054	\$	31,114
Fire Fund		-		65,000
TIF #1 Fund				406,300
TIF #3 Fund		-		30,594
Business District Fund		-		596,460
Special Service Area Fund		-		22,871
Ambulance Fund		-		238,500
Cemetery Trust Fund		31,114		-
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund		87,871		-
Electric Light Fund		644,800		
Totals	<u>\$</u>	1,390,839	<u>\$</u>	1,390,839

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS

1. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2016 was 11.74 percent. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Covered Employees. The following types of employees comprise the membership of the plan.

Retirees and Beneficiaries	31
Inactive, non-Retired Members	12
Active Members	<u>46</u>
Total	<u>89</u>

Discount Rate. GASB Statement No. 68 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.78%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/16
Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability	12/31/16
Fiscal Year End	04/30/17
Development of the Single Discount Rate as of December 31, 2016	
Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return	7.50%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate	3.78%
Last year ending December 31 in the 2017 to 2116 projection period	
for which projected benefit payments are fully funded	2116
Resulting Single Discount Rate based on the above development	7.50%
Single Discount Rate calculated using December 31, 2015 Measurement Date	7.48%

The Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index of general obligation municipal bonds as of December 29, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions. The following are the actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the net pension liability.

Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate Entry Age Normal	
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed	
Remaining Amortization	Non-Taxing bodies: 10 year rolling period	
Period	Taxing bodies: 27 year closed period until remaining period reaches 15 year	
	(then 15 year rolling period).	
	Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by	
	the Employer upon adoption of ERI.	
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor	
Wage growth	3.50%	
Price Inflation	2.75% - approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.	
Salary Increases	3.75% to 14.50% including inflation	
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.	

Mortality

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Dsabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully gnerational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Net Pension Liability. The following is a summary of the Net Pension Liability as shown as a liability in the financial statements.

Total pension liability		
Service Cost	\$	270,111
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		902,425
Changes of benefit terms		*
Difference between expected and actual experience		
of the Total Pension Liability		(18,355)
Changes of assumptions		(34,082)
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		(480,822)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	639,277
Total pension liability - beginning	1	2,169,855
Total pension liability - ending	<u>\$ 1</u>	12,809,132
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	316,257
Contributions - employee	•	121,635
Net investment income		716,818
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		(480,822)
Other (Net Transfer)		(308,642)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	365,246
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	•	10,474,513
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		10,839,759
1 min 1 min my hoomen amang		
Net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$</u>	1,969,373
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability		84.63%
Covered valuation payroll	\$	2,693,845
Net pension liability as a percentage		73.11%
of covered valuation payroll		

To report the sensitivity of the net pension liability to the selected discount rate, the following table displays the variation given a 1% increase or decrease.

	Current Single Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase	
	<u>6.50%</u>	<u>7.50%</u>	<u>8.50%</u>	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 14,654,792	\$ 12,809,132	\$ 11,300,925	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	10,839,759	10,839,759	10,839,759	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 3,815,033	\$ 1,969,373	<u>\$ 461,166</u>	

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses. The following tables display the amount of deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability and the future periods that these deferrals will affect the financial statements.

	Deferred Outflows of		D	Deferred Inflows of	
			In		
	Res	ources	Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	78,686	
Changes in assumptions		10,428		27,969	
Subsequent contributions		90,509			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		486,320			
Total	\$	587,257	\$	106,655	

	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows of
December 31,	Resources
2017	\$ 225,002
2018	134,493
2019	134,491
2020	(7,972)
2021	(5,412)
	\$ 480,602

2. Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP)

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan for certain City SLEP eligible employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Membership in SLEP is based on several factors including the member's role at the employer and type of appointment. SLEP members include many Illinois county sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, correctional officers, forest preserve district rangers, airport police and police chiefs. The Plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report

that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, members are required to contribute 7.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The annual employer annual required contribution for calendar year 2016 was \$45,891. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Covered Employees. The following types of employees comprise the membership of the plan.

Retirees and Beneficiaries	1
Inactive, non-Retired Members	0
Active Members	<u>0</u>
Total	<u>1</u>

Discount Rate. GASB Statement No. 68 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.78%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/16
Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability	12/31/16
Fiscal Year End	04/30/17
Development of the Single Discount Rate as of December 31, 2016	
Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return	7.50%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate	3.78%
Last year ending December 31 in the 2017 to 2116 projection period	
for which projected benefit payments are fully funded	2116
Resulting Single Discount Rate based on the above development	7.50%
Single Discount Rate calculated using December 31, 2015 Measurement Date	7.02%

The Long-Term Municiapl Bond Rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index of general obligation municipal bonds as of December 29, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions. The following are the actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the net pension liability.

Actuarial Cost Method		Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method		Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining	Amortization	Non-Taxing bodies: 10 year rolling period
Period		Taxing bodies: 27 year closed period until 1

Taxing bodies: 27 year closed period until remaining period reaches 15 years

(then 15 year rolling period).

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by

the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 22 years for most employers (two employer were financed over 31 years).

Asset Valuation Method Wage growth

5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

2.75% - approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this Price Inflation

Salary Increases

3.75% to 14.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return

7.50%

Retirement Age

Mortality

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Dsabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully gnerational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Net Pension Liability. The following is a summary of the Net Pension Liability as shown as a liability in the financial statements.

Total pension liability	
Service Cost	\$ -
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	62,622
Changes of benefit terms	*
Difference between expected and actual experience	
of the Total Pension Liability	(437,196)
Changes of assumptions	(25,209)
Benefit payments, including refunds	
of employee contributions	 (37,758)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ (437,541)
Total pension liability - beginning	 910,927
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 473,386
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 45,381
Contributions - employee	-
Net investment income	37,131
Benefit payments, including refunds	
of employee contributions	(37,758)
Other (Net Transfer)	(420,533)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (375,779)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 556,803
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 181,024
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 292,362
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	38.24%
Covered valuation payroll	\$ -
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll	0.00%

To report the sensitivity of the net pension liability to the selected discount rate, the following table displays the variation given a 1% increase or decrease.

	Current Single					
		Discount				
	<u>1%</u>	Decrease .	Rate	Assumption	19	6 Increase
		<u>6.50%</u>		<u>7.50%</u>		8.50%
Total Pension Liability	\$	528,541	\$	473,386	\$	427,448
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		181,024		181,024		181,024
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	347,517	\$	292,362	\$	246,424

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses. The following tables display the amount of deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability and the future periods that these deferrals will affect the financial statements.

	D	eferred	De	eferred
	Ou	tflows of	Inf	lows of
	<u>Re</u>	sources	Re	sources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Subsequent contributions		13,846		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		22,976		8,684
Total	\$	36,822	\$	8,684

	Net Deferred	•
Year Ending	Outflows of	
December 31,	Resources	
2017	\$ 19,333	
2018	5,487	
2019	5,489	
2020	(2,171))
2021		
	\$ 28,138	

3. Police Pension

a) Plan Description

Plan Administration. The Board consists of two members appointed by the City, two active members of the police department elected by the membership, and one retired member of the police department elected by the membership.

Plan Membership as of April 30, 2017:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	5
Inactive Plan Member Entitled to Deferral of Benefits	1
Active Plan Members	<u>11</u>
Total	17

Benefits Provided.

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Tier 1: Age 50 and 20 years of Credited Service. Tier 2: Age 55 with 10 years of Credited Service. Benefit: Tier 1: 50% of annual salary attached to rank on last day of service plus 2.5% of annual salary for each year over 20 years, up to a maximum of 75% of salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month. Tier 2: 2.50% per year of service times the average salary for the eight consecutive years prior to retirement times the number of years of service. The maximum benefit is 75% of average salary.

Cost of Living Adjustment:

Tier 1 Retirees: An annual increase equal to 3.00% per year after age 55. Those that retire prior to age 55 receive an increase of 1/12 of 3.00% for each full month since benefit commencement upon reaching age 55. Tier 2: An annual increase each January 1 equal to 3.00 per year or one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index-u for the twelve months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the original pension after the attainment of age 60 or first anniversary of pension start date whichever is later.

Disability Benefit:

Eligibility: Total and permanent as determined by the Board of Trustees. Benefit: A maximum of: a.) 65% of salary attached to the rank held by the member on last day of service, and; b.) The

monthly retirement pension that the member is entitled to receive if he or she retired immediately. For non-service connected disabilities, a benefit of 50% of salary attached to rank held by member on last day of service.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit:

Service Incurred: 100% of salary attached to rank held by member on last day of service. Non-Service Incurred: A maximum of: a.) 50% of salary attached to the rank held by member on last day of service, and; b.) The monthly retirement pension earned by the deceased member at time of death, regardless of whether death occurs before or after age 50. For non-service deaths with less than 10 years of service, a refund of member contributions is provided.

Vesting (Termination):

Less than 10 years: Refund of Member Contributions.

10 or more years: Either the termination benefit, payable upon reaching age 60, provided contributions are not withdrawn, or a refund of member contributions. The termination benefit is 2.50% of annual salary held in the year prior to termination times creditable service.

Contributions.

Employee: 9.91% of Salary. City: Remaining amount necessary for payment of Normal (current year's) Cost and amortization of the accrued past service liability over a period ending in 2040.

b) Investments

Investment Policy:

The City follows the guidelines as set by the Illinois Compiled Statutes regarding the targeted investment allocation.

Concentrations:

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return:

For the year ended April 30, 2017, the annual rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.87%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

c) Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor

The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor on April 30, 2017 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 8,492,773
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(5,169,366)
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$3,323,407</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
as a % of Total Pension Liability	60.87%

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.25%
Discount Rate used for the Net Pension Liability	5.66%
Retirement Mortality Rate: L&A 2016 Illinois P	olice 100% capped at
age 65	
Disabled Mortality Rate: L&A 2016 Illinois Police	e Disability

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using best estimate of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) and are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of April 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Cash	-0.25%
Short Term Bonds	0.75%
Intermediate Term Bonds	1.25%
Long Term Bonds	2.25%
Large Cap Growth	4.75%
Large Cap Value	5.75%
Emerging Markets	6.75%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66 percent. The projection of cash flows were used to determine the extent which the plan's future net position will be able to cover future benefit payments. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future projected benefit payments through 2062. To the extent future benefit payments are not covered by the plan's net position, the municipal bond rate is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		N	let Pension
	Liability		Net Position		Liability	
Balances as of May 01, 2016	\$	8,159,220	\$	4,679,023	\$	3,480,197
Changes for a year						
Service Cost		277,332		-		277,332
Interest		458,220		_		458,220
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(1,072)		-		(1,072)
Changes of assumptions		(273,999)				(273,999)
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		266,669		(266,669)
Contributions - employee		_		83,497		(83,497)
Net investment income		-		274,754		(274,754)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(126,928)		(126,928)		-
Administrative				(7,649)	_	7,649
Net Changes		333,553		490,343	_	(156,790)
Balances as of April 30, 2017	\$	8,492,773	\$	5,169,366	\$	3,323,407

To report the sensitivity of the net pension liability to the selected discount rate, the following table displays the variation given a 1% increase or decrease.

	(Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	4.66%	<u>5.66%</u>	<u>6.66%</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,819,358	\$ 3,323,407	\$ 2,132,099

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses. For the year ended April 30, 2017, the City recognized a pension expense of \$481,970. The following tables display the amount of deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability and the future periods that these deferrals will affect the financial statements.

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	41,200
Changes in assumptions	4	74,380		234,744
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	2	17,411		
Total	\$ 6	91,791	\$	275,944

Year Ending December 31,	Net Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>
2018	\$ 109,474
2019	109,474
2020	109,471
2021	40,324
2022	37,833
Thereafter	9,271
	\$ 415,847

NOTE 8: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated events occurring after the financial statement date through August 14, 2017 in order to determine their potential for recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The latter date is the same date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The City is aware of potential litigation related to old City transformers that were shipped to the Ward Transformer EPA Superfund Site in Raleigh, North Carolina. The transformers allegedly leaked contaminants into the soil at the Ward Site. There is a present action with which the City is not presently involved. However, the EPA has expressed an opinion that the City is liable for a proportionate share of the clean-up costs. As of April 30, 2017, the City is denying liability. The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is 60% with a range of loss of \$200,000 to \$400,000.

There is a claim alleging that the City was negligent and as a result, the Plaintiff was electrocuted and died. This matter was recently filed and discovery has just begun. To date, no facts have come to light which would subject the City to liability. The City denies liability. The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is 10% with a range of loss of \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000.

There is a case alleging that the City is violating zoning and wrongfully denying Plaintiff the right to build a large apartment complex. This matter was recently filed and discovery has just begun. The City denies liability. The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is 25% with a range of loss of \$100,000 to \$150,000.

There is a claim alleging the City was negligent and caused the Plaintiff's basement to flood with raw sewage. This matter was recently filed. The City denies liability. The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is 75% with a verdict range of \$10,000 to \$25,000.

There is a claim alleging that the City negligently maintained playground equipment which caused the minor plaintiff to break her leg. The matter was recently filed and the City is awaiting written discovery responses. The City denies liability. The likelihood of unfavorable outcome is 20% with a range of loss of \$50,000 to \$150,000.

There are no other asserted, unasserted or threatened litigation matters that are known at this time.

NOTE 9: <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS</u>

The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended April 30, 2017:

General Fund Transfer From (To):		
Cemetery Trust Fund	\$	3,000
IMRF Fund		126,475
Debt Service Fund		(33,652)
Ambulance Fund		(65,548)
Playground & Recreation Fund		(30,889)
TIF #2 Fund Transfer (To):		,
Water and Sewer Fund		(47,082)
Playground & Recreation Fund Transfer From:		
Water and Sewer Fund		30,889
Ambulance Fund Transfer From:		
General Fund		65,548
IMRF Fund		40,015
IMRF Fund Transfer (To):		
General Fund	((126,475)
Ambulance Fund		(40,015)
Debt Service Fund Transfer From (To):		
General Fund		33,652
Electric Light Fund		239,224
Water and Sewer Fund		33,172
Water and Sewer Fund Transfer From:		
TIF #2 Fund		47,082
Debt Service Fund		(33,172)
Electric Light Fund Transfer From (To):		
Debt Service Fund	((239,224)
Cemetery Trust Fund Transfer (To):		
General Fund		(3,000)
	\$	-

The City makes various transfers to reimburse funds for expenses that are related to or shared by one fund and paid for by another fund. The transfers are primarily related to debt service payments and IMRF reimbursements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CASH BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		
	Original	Final	(Budget Basis)	
Receipts:				
Property Tax	\$ 428,355	\$ 428,355	\$ 433,927	
Utility Tax	327,540	327,540	355,250	
Hotel Tax	53,000	53,000	56,794	
Intergovernmental	1,891,181	1,891,181	1,742,347	
Licenses and Permits	102,800	102,800	108,117	
Charges for Services	454,359	454,359	623,899	
Fines and Forfeitures	22,750	22,750	11,547	
Investment Earnings	5,200	5,200	9,076	
Miscellaneous	5,800	5,800	5,101	
Total Receipts	3,290,985	3,290,985	3,346,058	
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	(103,510)	(103,510)	(238,661)	
Public Safety	1,612,800	1,612,800	1,689,811	
Streets and Highways	638,235	638,235	598,470	
Development	142,020	142,020	104,776	
Capital Outlay	905,790	905,790	877,457	
Total Disbursements	3,195,335	3,195,335	3,031,853	
Excess of Receipts Over				
Disbursements	95,650	95,650	314,205	
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	85,449	85,449	96 202	
Transfers Out	(50,910)	-	86,292	
Excess of Receipts and Other	(30,910)	(50,910)	(30,889)	
Financing Sources Over Disbursements	\$ 130,189	\$ 130,189	369,608	
		-		
Change for reporting on modified accrual				
Change in intergovernmental rever	nue on modified accru	nal basis	(101,474)	
Change in utility tax revenue on m	nodified accrual basis		(156)	
Change in other receivables on mo	odified accrual basis		(890)	
Change in accrued salaries on mod	(30,373)			
Change in franchise fee revenue of	sis	(986)		
Change in toweer lease revenue or	24,928			
Change in accounts payable on mo	20,680			
Change in transfer amount from of			(67,974)	
As reported on the Statement of R	evenues, Expenditures	S		
and Changes in Fund Balance	,	_	\$ 213,363	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CASH BASIS) TIF 2B FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual	
		Original		Budget		dget Basis)
Receipts:						
Property Tax	\$	793,610	\$	793,610	\$	852,660
Investment Earnings		2,500		2,500		3,821
Total Receipts		796,110		796,110		856,481
Disbursements:						
Development		45,500		45,500		250
Debt Payment		522,750		522,750		571,841
Project Costs		930,000		930,000		275,636
Total Disbursements		1,498,250		1,498,250		847,727
Excess of Receipts Over						
Disbursements		(702,140)	***************************************	(702,140)	#st	8,754
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers Out	****	<u>-</u>		_		(47,082)
Excess of Receipts and Other						
Financing Sources Over Disbursements	\$	(702,140)	<u>\$</u>	(702,140)		(38,328)
Change for reporting on modified accrual	basis:					
Change in accounts payable on me	odified ac	ccrual basis				30,000
As reported on the Statement of R	levenues,	Expenditures	}			
and Changes in Fund Balance					\$	(8,328)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION FUND APRIL 30, 2017

	<u>2017</u>	2016	<u>2015</u>
Total Pension Liability:			
Service Cost Interest	\$ 277,332 458,220	\$ 285,669 382,767	\$ 275,565 361,003
Differences between expected and actual Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,072) (273,999) (126,928)	(54,619) 643,200 (114,379)	- (109,971)
Net change in total pension liability	333,553	1,142,638	526,597
Total pension liability - beginning	8,159,220	7,016,582	6,489,985
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 8,492,773	\$ 8,159,220	\$ 7,016,582
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	266,669	264,929	261,621
Contributions - employee Net investment income	83,497 274,754	82,182 (67,680)	76,899 206,177
Benefit payments, including refunds	(126,928)	(114,379)	
Administrative	(7,649)	(8,215)	(8,844)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	490,343	156,837	425,882
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,679,023	4,522,186	4,096,304
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 5,169,366	\$ 4,679,023	\$ 4,522,186
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,323,407	\$ 3,480,197	\$ 2,494,396
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>60.87%</u>	<u>57.35%</u>	<u>64.45%</u>
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 999,389	\$ 950,533	\$ 801,416
Net position liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	<u>332,54%</u>	<u>366.13%</u>	<u>311.25%</u>

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND APRIL 30, 2017

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total Pension Liability:		
Service Cost	\$ 270,111	\$ 265,973
Interest	902,425	861,516
Difference between expected and actual experience	(18,355)	(98,315)
Assumption changes	(34,082)	16,114
Benefit payments, including refunds	(480,822)	(489,338)
Net change in total pension liability	639,277	555,950
Total pension liability - beginning	12,169,855	11,613,905
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 12,809,132	\$ 12,169,855
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - employer	316,257	295,019
Contributions - employee	121,635	
Net investment income	716,818	52,925
Benefit payments, including refunds	(480,822)	(489,338)
Other	(308,642)	(120,996)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	365,246	(153,033)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	10,474,513	10,627,546
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 10,839,759	\$ 10,474,513
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,969,373	\$ 1,695,342
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		
the total pension liability	<u>84.63%</u>	<u>86.07%</u>
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 2,693,845	\$ 2,430,144
Net position liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll	<u>73.11%</u>	<u>69.76%</u>

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS SLEP FUND APRIL 30, 2017

Total Pension Liability:		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Service Cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	62,622 (437,196)	\$	61,336 5,343
Assumption changes Benefit payments, including refunds		(25,209) (37,758)		(6,781) (63,014)
Net change in total pension liability		(437,541)		(3,116)
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	<u> </u>	910,927 473,386	-	914,043 910,927
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ψ	473,380	Ф	910,927
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer		45,381		45,891
Contributions - employee Net investment income		37,131		2,645
Benefit payments, including refunds Other		(37,758) (420,533)		(63,014) 33,795
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(375,779)		19,317
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		556,803		537,486
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	<u>\$</u>	181,024	\$	556,803
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$</u>	292,362	\$	354,124
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		<u>38.24%</u>		<u>61.12%</u>
Covered-employee Payroll	\$	***	<u>\$</u>	_
Net position liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		<u>0.00%</u>

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND APRIL 30, 2017

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Actuarial Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to	\$ 268,325	\$ 263,248	\$ 268,829	
actuarial determined contribution	266,669	264,929	261,621	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,656	\$ (1,681)	\$ 7,208	
Covered-employee Payroll	999,389	950,533	801,416	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	<u>26.68%</u>	<u>27.87%</u>	<u>32.64%</u>	

Actuarial valuations are performed as of April 30 each year with the related contributions to be paid in the following year. Actuarial valuation date for above is April 30, 2016.

The actuarial valuations presented are prepared using the following parameters:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method:

Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining Amortization Period:

23 years

Asset Valuation Method:

Gains and losses recognized over a five year period

Actuarial Assumptions:

Interest Rate

6.00% (5.50% Prior)

Payroll Growth

3.25%

Cost of Living

2.50%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND APRIL 30, 2016

	<u>2016</u>			<u>2015</u>		
Actuarial Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to	\$	316,257	\$	295,019		
actuarial determined contribution		316,257		295,019		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-		
Covered-employee Payroll	<u></u>	2,693,845	Laura	2,430,144		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		<u>11.74%</u>		<u>12.14%</u>		

Actuarial valuation date for above is December 31, 2016.

The actuarial valuations presented are prepared using the following parameters:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method:

Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period:

27 years

Asset Valuation Method:

Gains and losses recognized over a five year period

Actuarial Assumptions:

Interest Rate (current and prior) 7.50%
Payroll Growth 3.50%
Cost of Living 2.75%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SLEP FUND APRIL 30, 2017

		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Actuarial Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to	\$	-	\$	-	
actuarial determined contribution		45,891		45,891	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(45,891)	<u>\$</u>	(45,891)	
Covered-employee Payroll	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		<u>0.00%</u>		<u>0.00%</u>	

Actuarial valuation date for above is December 31, 2015.

The actuarial valuations presented are prepared using the following parameters:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method:

Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period:

27 years

Asset Valuation Method:

Gains and losses recognized over a five year period

Actuarial Assumptions:

Interest Rate (current and prior) 7.50% Payroll Growth 3.50% Cost of Living 2.75%

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION FUND APRIL 30, 2017

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Annual rate of return,			
net of investment expense	5.87%	-1.50%	5.41%

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

	Total			1	Permanent Fund	ds.	Total Nonmajor
	Special	Capital	Debt	Cemetery	Park		Governmental
	Revenue	Projects	Service	Trust	Board Leu	Total	Funds
Assets							
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 953,085	\$ -	\$ 264,302	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,217,387
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts):							
Property Tax	1,497,000		181,000	_	-	_	1,678,000
Intergovernmental	27,908	-	-	=	-	-	27,908
Other	86,033	_	-		_	_	86,033
Due from Other Funds		_	-	31,114	-	31,114	31,114
Restricted Cash and Investments	_	_	-	277,177	2,500	279,677	279,677
Total Assets	\$ 2,564,026	\$ -	\$ 445,302	\$ 308,291	\$ 2,500	\$ 310,791	\$ 3,320,119
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,300	Φ 310,771	3,320,117
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resou	urces, and Fund Ba	alance					
Liabilities:							
Accrued Payroll and Benefits	\$ 30,121	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,121
Accounts Payable	71,363	-	-	-	-	-	71,363
Due to Other Funds	1,359,725						1,359,725
Total Liabilities	1,461,209	***		**			1,461,209
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Unearned Revenue	1,499,702		181,000	in the second se			1,680,702
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable	_		_	308,291	2,500	310,791	310,791
Restricted For:				500,271	2,500	310,771	310,771
Debt Service	_	_	264,302	_	_	_	264,302
Revenue Restrictions	729,376	_	201,502	_	_	_	729,376
Unassigned	(1,126,261)	_	_	_	_	_	(1,126,261)
Total Fund Balances	(396,885)		264,302	308,291	2,500	310,791	178,208
Total Land Datanees	(370,003)		207,302	300,271	2,300	310,771	170,200
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,564,026	<u>\$</u>	\$ 445,302	\$ 308,291	\$ 2,500	\$ 310,791	\$ 3,320,119

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

							Total
	Total				rmanent Fund	<u>s</u>	Nonmajor
	Special	Capital	Debt	Cemetery	Park		Governmental
	Revenue	Projects	Service	Trust	Board Leu	Total	Funds
Revenues:							
Property Tax	\$ 1,552,527	\$ -	\$ 195,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,747,794
Intergovernmental	262,164	-	-	-	-	-	262,164
Licenses, Permits and Fees	16,880	_	-	-	-	-	16,880
Charges for Services	442,768	-	-	3,450	-	3,450	446,218
Fines and Forfeitures	4,242	-	-	-	-	-	4,242
Investment Income	5,838	-	1,020	3,762	-	3,762	10,620
Contributions	1,558	-	-	-	-	-	1,558
Miscellaneous	9,884			19,620		19,620	29,504
Total Revenues	2,295,861		196,287	26,832	•	26,832	2,518,980
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General Government	-		-	38,620	-	38,620	38,620
Public Safety	64,253	-	-	-	-	-	64,253
Streets and Highways	85,959	1,664	-	-	-	-	87,623
Development	79,760	-	-	-	-	-	79,760
Health & Welfare	665,327	-	-	-	-	-	665,327
Cultural and Recreational	603,942	-	-	-	-	-	603,942
Capital Outlay	689,767	12,410	-	-	-	-	702,177
Debt Service:							
Principal	50,103		301,929	-	-	-	352,032
Interest and Fiscal Charges	21,003	-	77,986		_		98,989
Total Expenditures	2,260,114	14,074	379,915	38,620		38,620	2,692,723
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	35,747	(14,074)	(183,628)	(11,788)	-	(11,788)	(173,743)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds From Debt	-	64,074	-	-	-	-	64,074
Transfers In	136,452	-	306,048		-	-	442,500
Transfers Out	(166,490)			(3,000)		(3,000)	(169,490)
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)	(30,038)	64,074	306,048	(3,000)		(3,000)	337,084
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,709	50,000	122,420	(14,788)	-	(14,788)	163,341
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(402,594)	(50,000)	141,882	323,079	2,500	325,579	14,867
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (396,885)	\$ -	\$ 264,302	\$ 308,291	\$ 2,500	\$ 310,791	\$ 178,208

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

Total		\$ 953,085	1,497,000 27,908 86,033	\$ 2,564,026		\$ 30,121	71,363	1,461,209	1,499,702	729,376	(1,126,261)	\$ 2,564,026
Special Service Area		\$ 22,871	1 1	\$ 22,871		↔	22,871	22,871	'	•		\$ 22,871
Illinois Municipal Retirement		\$ 84,633	138,000	\$ 222,633		•	42,285	42,285	138,000	42,348	42,348	\$ 222,633
Public Library		\$ 291,759	342,000	\$ 633,759		\$ 8,611	2,289	10,900	342,000	280,859	280,859	\$ 633,759
Business District		\$ 112,024	11,524	\$ 123,548		,	596,460	596,460	2,702	1 4	(475,614) (475,614)	\$ 123,548
TIF#3		\$ 28	5,000	\$ 5,028		ı ₽9	2,513 30,594	33,107	5,000	1 (1	(33,079)	\$ 5,028
TIF #1		\$ 1,797	186,000	\$ 187,797		€ 9	406,300	406,300	186,000	. 6	(404,503) (404,503)	\$ 187,797
Motor Fuel Tax		\$ 256,471	16,384	\$ 272,855		ا دم	1 1	1 ,	1	272,855	272,855	\$ 272,855
Ambulance		\$ 4,348	448,000	\$ 505,757		\$ 15,721	16,601 238,500	270,822	448,000	1 ((213,062)	\$ 505,757
Playground & Recreation		\$ 98,474	230,000	\$ 361,098		\$ 5,789	3,775	9,564	230,000	121,534	121,534	\$ 361,098
Fire		\$ 80,680	148,000	\$ 228,680	and Fund Balances	, ↔	3,900	006'89	148,000	11,780	11,780	\$ 228,680
	Assets	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Receivables (Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts): Property Tax Intergovernmental Accounts	Total Assets	Liabilities. Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accrued Payroll and Benefits	Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	Total Liabilities	Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unearned Revenue	Fund Baiance (Deficit): Restricted	Unassigned Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Reources, and Fund Balances

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Fire	Playground & Recreation	Ambulance	Motor Fuel Tax	TIF#1	TIF#3	Business District	Public Library	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Special Service Area	Total
Revenues:											
Property Tax	\$ 151,256	\$ 230,815	\$ 494,454	· 69	\$ 180,709	· • ?	•	\$ 349,184	\$ 134,814	\$ 11,295	\$ 1,552,527
Intergovernmental	ı	1	Ī	209,372	ı	1	50,990	1,802	Ī	•	262,164
Licenses, Permits and Fees	6,525	5,266	1	ı	ŀ	ı	ı	5,089	1		16,880
Charges for Services	1	132,901	285,912	ı	,	,	•	1,921	ı	22,034	442,768
Fines and Forfeitures	•	•	•	•	•	r	1	4,242		1	4,242
Investment Income	510	1,120	1,328	1,957	15	•	•	501	407	1	5,838
Contributions	ι	4	1	t	1	1	•	1,558	ı	1	1,558
Miscellaneous	1	1,125	1	1	1	1	1	8,759	1	*	9,884
Total Revenues	158,291	371,227	781,694	211,329	180,724	***************************************	50,990	373,056	135,221	33,329	2,295,861
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Public Safety	64,253	•	ı	ı	•	•	1	,	1	,	64,253
Streets and Highways	1	•	ı	85,959	•	•	1	ı	1	•	85,959
Development	ι	•	ŧ	1	46,681	33,079	•	ı	1	1	79,760
Health & Welfare	ı	•	665,327	1	•	,	1	1	1	1	665,327
Cultural and Recreational	ı	271,260	•	1	1	•	i	332,682	1	1	603,942
Debt Service:											
Principal	1	t	36,092	1	1	ı	Ĭ	į	•	14,011	50,103
Interest and Fiscal Charges	t	,	1,685	1	ı	,		Ţ	1	19,318	21,003
Capital Outlay		204,411	1	443,187	t	1	, ;	42,169	k	•	689,767
Total Expenditures	64,253	475,671	703,104	529,146	46,681	33,079	-	374,851	*	33,329	2,260,114
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	94,038	(104,444)	78,590	(317,817)	134,043	(33,079)	50,990	(1,795)	135,221	5	35,747
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In	1	30,889	105,563	•		ı	,	1	1	,	136,452
Transfers Out Total Other Financino Sources (Uses)	5 S	30.889	105.563	1 1	1 1	1 1		1	(166,490)		(166,490)
					which the special state of the state of the special state of the special state of the state of the special state of the st						
Net Change in Fund Balances	94,038	(73,555)	184,153	(317,817)	134,043	(33,079)	20,990	(1,795)	(31,269)	1	5,709
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	(82,258)	195,089	(397,218)	590,672	(538,546)	1 1	(526,604)	282,654	73,617	7	(402,594)
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$ 11,780	\$ 121,534	\$ (213,065)	\$ 272,855	\$ (404,503)	\$ (33,079)	\$ (475,614)	\$ 280,859	\$ 42,348	·	\$ (396,885)

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF

SCHEDULE OF TAX RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS APPLIE 30, 2017

Accordant Acco	2007	\$ 92,047,875	\$ 0.2707 0.0826 0.0930 0.1367 0.1076 0.2270 0.2533	\$ 1.3374	\$ 249,174 76,032 85,604 125,829 99,043 153,260 208,949 233,157 \$ 1,231,048	\$ 1,236,866 100.47%
Assessed Valuation \$ 124,871,274 \$ 121,531,273 \$ 124,234,550 \$ 121,995,577 \$ 113,195,248 \$ 110,086,437 \$ 104,088,437 \$ 104,088,437 \$ 104,088,437 \$ 104,088,437 \$ 104,099,437,438 \$ 104,099,437,438 \$ 104,099,437,438	2008	\$ 102,002,466			<u> </u>	
Assessed Valuation \$ 124,871,274 \$ 121,551,273 \$ 124,234,550 \$ 121,995,577 \$ 111,728,572 \$ 113,195,248 \$ 1110, 24	2009	\$ 104,585,629	er et time terret de la constante de la consta			
Assessed Valuation \$ 124,871,274 \$ 121,551,273 \$ 124,234,550 \$ 121,995,577 \$ 5117,798,572 \$ 5113. Tax Rates: General 0.1841 0.1969 0.1771 0.1722 0.1703 Fire Protection 0.1189 0.1251 0.1177 0.1126 0.1105 Fire Protection 0.1184 0.1969 0.1771 0.1727 0.1703 Fire Protection 0.1184 0.1969 0.1717 0.1126 0.1105 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1969 0.1117 0.1126 0.1105 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1969 0.1117 0.1126 0.1105 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1105 0.1109 0.1046 0.1105 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1105 0.1109 0.1046 0.1107 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1105 0.1109 0.1046 0.1107 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1108 0.1109 0.1046 0.1107 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1109 0.1046 0.1107 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1109 0.1090 0.1046 0.1107 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1109 0.1090 0.1046 0.1107 Fire Protection 0.124 0.1109 0.1090 0.1046 0.1107 Fire Protection 0.124 0.125 0.125,061 0.1250 0.1281 0.127,071 0.127,071 Fire Protection 0.129,088 0.125,099 0.128,099 0.129,099	2010	\$ 110,886,437	***************************************		\$ 389,766 181,632 114,213 177,862 198,930 201,481 261,692 299,393	99 44%
Assessed Valuation \$ 124.871,274 \$ 121,551,273 \$ 124,234,550 \$ 121,995,577 \$ 117. Tax Rates: General \$ 0.2891 \$ 0.3047 \$ 0.3904 \$ 0.3796 \$ 5 117. Tax Rates: General \$ 0.1841 0.1999 0.1771 0.1126 0.1126 Ambulance \$ 0.2144 0.2189 0.2119 0.2243 Police Pension \$ 0.1446 0.2189 0.2119 0.2243 Fire Protection \$ 0.1446 0.1169 0.1019 0.1046 Bond and Interest \$ 0.1446 0.1165 0.1612 0.1647 Library Ambulance \$ 361,003 \$ 370,367 \$ 485,012 \$ 463,095 \$ 1 1078 Fire Protection \$ 361,003 \$ 370,367 \$ 485,012 \$ 463,095 \$ 1 1078 Tax Extensions: Ambulance \$ 225,244 220,041 220,019 210,076 Fire Protection \$ 247,724 226,076 226,323 228,878 Fire Protections \$ 2,007,190 \$ 2,102,076 200,927 Total \$ 2,115,569 \$ 2,077,190 \$ 2,122,174 \$ 2,046,353 \$ 1.5 Tax Collections \$ 2,005,972 \$ 2,111,440 \$ 2,036,778 \$ 1.5 Ferrentage Collected \$ 0.000% \$ 99,46% \$ 99,49% \$ 99,539%	2011	\$ 113,195,248				2,1
Assessed Valuation \$ 124,871,274 \$ 121,551,273 \$ 124,234,550 \$ 121,51	2012	\$117,798,572			-	5
Assessed Valuation \$ 124,871,274 \$ 121,551,273 \$ 124,7 Tax Rates: General \$ 0.2891 \$ 0.3047 \$ 121,51,271,271 Fire Protection \$ 0.1841 \$ 0.1909 \$ 0.1009 Fire Protection \$ 0.2144 \$ 0.2189 IMRF \$ 0.1118 \$ 0.2189 Library \$ 1,4201 \$ 1,7089 \$ 5 Tax Extensions: General \$ 361,003 \$ 370,367 \$ 4 Playground \$ 148,472 \$ 152,061 Ambulance \$ 225,888 \$ 232,041 Fire Protection \$ 267,724 \$ 266,076 IMRF \$ 180,564 \$ 196,305 Library \$ 2,115,569 \$ 2,077,190 Total \$ 2,115,569 \$ 2,077,190 Percentage Collected \$ 0.000% \$ 99,46%	2013	\$ 121,995,577			2,	2,0
Assessed Valuation \$ 124,871,274 \$ 121; Tax Rates: General \$ 0.2891 \$ 121; Playground \$ 0.1189 Ambulance \$ 0.2144 IMRF Bond and Interest \$ 0.1446 Library \$ 1.4201 \$ \$ 1.4201 Playground \$ 229,888 Fire Protection \$ 447,538 Police Pension \$ 229,888 Fire Protection \$ 447,538 Police Pension \$ 267,724 IMRF Bond and Interest \$ 267,724 IMRF Total \$ \$ 2,115,569 Total \$ \$ 2,000%	2014	\$ 124,234,550	THE STATE OF THE S		[7]	2,111,440 99.49%
Assessed Valuation \$ 124,87 Tax Rates: General \$ (Fire Protection Ambulance Police Pension IMRF Bond and Interest Library Fire Protection Ambulance Police Pension IMRF Bond and Interest Library Tax Extensions: Ceneral \$ 36 Playground Fire Protection Ambulance Police Pension IMRF Bond and Interest Library Total \$ 2,111 Tax Collections S	2015	\$ 121,551,273			[7]	2,(
Ass Tax Tax	2016	\$ 124,871,274			2,	
۲. ش	ŕ	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rates: General Playground Fire Protection Ambulance Police Pension IMRF Bond and Interest Library		Tax Extensions: General Playground Fire Protection Ambulance Police Pension IMRF Bond and Interest Library Total	Tax Collections Percentage Collected



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Mascoutah, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the of the City of Mascoutah, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

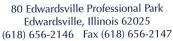
Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.







Other Matters

The management of the City of Mascoutah, Illinois is responsible for the government's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with our audit, referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the government's compliance with 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act".

The results of our tests indicate that for the items tested, the City of Mascoutah, Illinois, complied with Subsection (q) of 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act". Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that, for the items not tested, the City of Mascoutah, Illinois was not in compliance with Subsection (q) of 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act".

C.J. Schlone & Company LLC

Certified Public Accountants

August 14, 2017